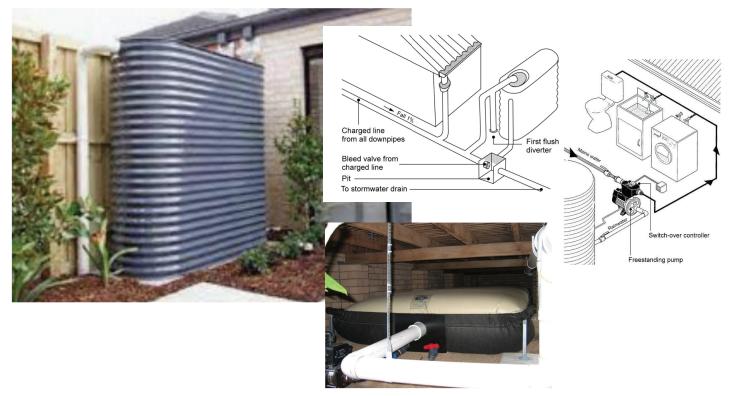
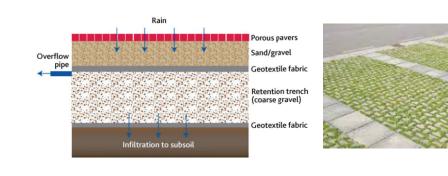


## What controls apply when?

Clause 55.03-4 Standard B9	<ul> <li>Construction of any of the following in a residential zone (includes Township Zone and Mixed Use Zone):</li> <li>One or more additional dwellings on a lot</li> <li>Two or more dwellings on a lot</li> <li>Extension to a dwelling in a multi unit development</li> <li>Residential building (new or extension)</li> </ul>
Clause 55.07-5 Standard B39	Construction of an apartment building of up to four storeys in a residential zone (including applied zones)
Clause 58.03-8 Standard D13	Construction of an apartment building of five or more storeys in a residential zone, <u>or</u> construction of an apartment building (any height) in other zones.



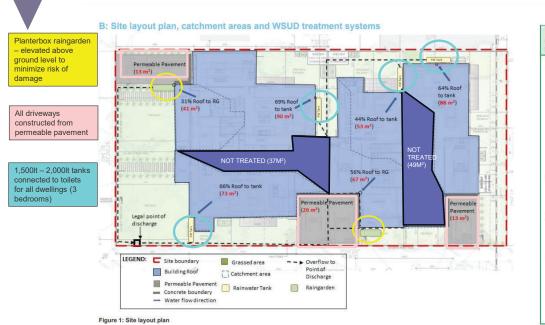
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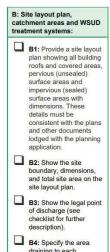






## Example – Four dwellings on a lot





B4: Specify the area draining to each downpipe, treatment and legal point of discharge – includes both impervious and pervious areas (see checklist for further description).

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#### Melbourne Water STORM Rating Report

3075

TransactionID:	777732		
Municipality:	DAREBIN		
Rainfall Station:	DAREBIN		
Address:	100 Bones R	load	
	Darebinvale		
	VIC	30	
Assessor:	Darebin City	Council	
Development Type:	Residential - Multiunit		
Allotment Site (m2):	911.00		
STORM Rating %:	117		

Note permeable paving area is
set at 0m <sup>2</sup> with no treatment –
this is technically correct, as
STORM assumes this is
impervious (ie no specific
modelling

Description	Impervious Area (m2)	Treatment Type	Treatment Area/Volume (m2 or L)	Occupants / Number Of Bedrooms	Treatment %	Tank Water Supply Reliability (%)
Roof_1_toTank	90.00	Rainwater Tank	2,000.00	3	132.20	88.80
Roof_1_toRaingarden	41.00	Raingarden 100mm	2.00	0	133.85	0.00
PermeablePave_1	0.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Roof_2_toTank	73.00	Rainwater Tank	2,000.00	3	153.10	84.40
Roof_2_toSW	37.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
PermeablePave_2	0.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Roof_3_toTank	53.00	Rainwater Tank	1,500.00	3	164.00	82.00
Roof_3_toSW	67.00	Raingarden 100mm	2.00	0	131.55	0.00
PermeablePave_3	0.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Roof_4_toTank	88.00	Rainwater Tank	2,000.00	3	136.40	87.20
Roof_4_toSW	49.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
PermeablePave_4	0.00	None	0.00	0	0.00	0.00

Figure 2: STORM model inputs and output

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#### Fully compliant with B9

Meets BPEM - STORM rating >100%

Cooling/greening - raingardens, reduced site coverage

Practical - clear connection between treatment and LPOD; raingardens are in planter boxes to minimize maintenance/risk of damage; add note on plan to ensure tanks connected to toilet/laundry at building permit stage

## Real life example – Construction of second dwelling on a lot



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#### Water management

#### Strategies

Support the use of drought proof landscaping and retention of existing vegetation to reduce we

Minimise the impacts of reticulated services infrastructure on the landscape and en ient

#### Domestic

oport water sensitive urban design as part of st

ure waterways and groundwater are not contaminated by he

**Environmentally Sustainable Development** 

15.01-2L

#### 02/12/2022 C195yran Policy application

This policy applies to use or development of land for the following

- Three or more dwellings on a lot.
- A residential building, residential village or retirement village Commercial or office building with a gross floor area of more than 500 metres square
- An extension to the gross floor area of an existing commercial or office building by more
- In the case of additions, the policy only applies to the additions to an existing building.

- No structure plan/DCP in place site based solution
- No specific local planning policy regarding SWQ/WSUD
- ESD policy does not apply No guidance in IWMP/Engineering Guidelines regarding preferred treatment type on private land

# Yarra Ranges Council

**Development Engineering Guidelines** 

es	7.7 Water Sensitive Urban Design (WSUD)	24
il	7.7.1 MUSIC software	24
2.0	7.7.2 Storm calculator	24
	7.7.3 Payment of levies to Melbourne Water	25
	7.7.4 Little Stringybark Creek	25

# What should the application include?

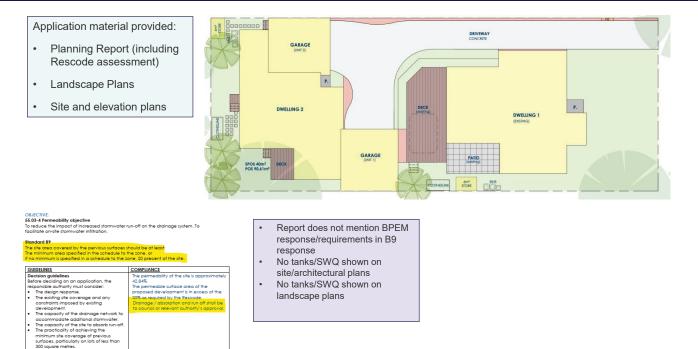
### Multi unit developments

- STORM report (standalone or part of ESD report)
- Written response to standards, either by drainage engineer or project planner/architect (more likely)
- Site plans and upfront landscape plan. Must show what asset is proposed and where it is to be located
- 'Standard drawing' of stormwater asset (rain garden only)

The application material must have sufficient detail for you to be able to answer 3 key questions:

- 1. What are they doing to meet Best Practice (ie comply)?
- 2. Does it actually meet Best Practice?
- 3. Is it on the plans?

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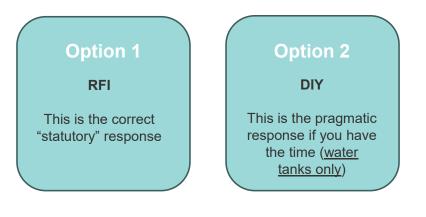


# Step 1 – What are they doing?

# Step 2 – Does it comply?



### No modelling submitted with application!



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## Do I have enough information to make a STORM model?



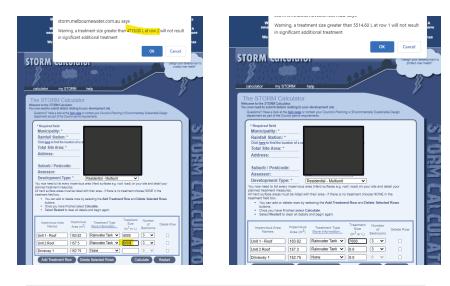
PROPOSED AREAS:				
UNIT 1	LOCATION	M <sup>2</sup>		
	GROUND FLOOR	145.95	P.O.S	
	PORCH (P)	2.44	101.47m <sup>2</sup>	
	GARAGE	37.87	S.P.O.S	
			90.36m <sup>2</sup>	
	TOTAL BUILDING AREA	183.82		
UNIT 2	LOCATION	M <sup>2</sup>		
	GROUND FLOOR	119.43	P.O.S	
	PORCH (P)	1.25	90.61m <sup>2</sup>	
	GARAGE	37.87	S.P.O.S	
			40.00m <sup>2</sup>	
	TOTAL BUILDING AREA	157.30		
TOTAL LO	TOTAL LOT SIZE			
TOTAL FO	341.12m <sup>2</sup> 39.48%			
TOTAL HA EXCL. PERMI	152.75m <sup>2</sup> 17.68%			
TOTAL SITE	370.15m <sup>2</sup> 42.84%			
TOTAL GA	333.03m <sup>2</sup> 38.54%			

STORM Calculation Results: Storm Rating: 52%				S	Select Report Format:		
An additiona achieve Wat	48% of trea		equired to			DF Format LS Format Result	
			a se alto da se				
Impervious Area Names	R Impervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	<u>esults for</u> Treatment Type	Treatment Size (m <sup>2</sup> or L)	treatment Occupants / Number of Bedrooms	S: STORM Rating (%)	Tank Water Supply reliability (%)	
Area Names	Impervious	Treatment	Treatment Size	Occupants / Number of	STORM	Supply	
	Impervious Area (m <sup>2</sup> )	Treatment Type Rainwater	Treatment Size (m <sup>2</sup> or L)	Occupants / Number of Bedrooms	STORM Rating (%)	Supply reliability (%)	

#### 2 x 2,000lt water tanks (total 4,000 lt)



5,500lt tank + 4,700lt tank (total 10,200lt)



STORM tells you once you hit your maximum water tank capacity – if not 100%, means they need **less** hard surface or **additional** treatment for driveway/hard surface.

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# 3. What's on the plans?

Location and type of SWQ treatment	$\bigotimes$
Size of SWQ treatment	$\bigotimes$
Whose land is it on?	8
SWQ treatment shown on landscape plan	$\bigotimes$
Legal point of discharge	Established, serviced residential area – assume front of lot, confirm through internal referral

## **HOLD POINT – RFI REQUIRED**



### Information required

- Modelling/assessment to demonstrate how and that they will achieve BPEM stormwater quality treatment as required under Standard B9
- Amended plans showing size, location and type of any treatment assets in accordance with modelling

### Key issues

- Based on preliminary assessment by STORM, water tanks only are likely to be insufficient to meet BPEM and comply Standards B9/C25
- Require either reduction in hard surfacing or provide additional stormwater treatment assets sited/designed to treat driveway areas (eg inground raingarden)

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## Other things to consider

- Does your Council have a preference (including publicly available guidelines) as to what stormwater treatment assets are suitable for different contexts? If something won't be accepted, flag this.
- Applicant capacity and product availability:
  - Raingardens need additional modelling and specific design.
  - Permeable paving consider what and where. Engineering may need to advise re: driveway materials
- Where would it need to go low point/before LPOD. Can runoff get there? How does this fit in with the development layout/landscaping?
- Ongoing maintenance what's required and is this reasonable given the use/layout of the site
- Resourcing, capacity and processes for enforcement what does your Council do?